



Co-ordinated by  
**ECMWF**



**CO<sub>2</sub>  
Human  
Emissions**

# WP2 – LIBRARY OF EMISSIONS AND SIMULATIONS

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Joint General Assembly of  
CHE and VERIFY

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Empa, Switzerland                      TNO, Netherlands

# WP Objectives

## Overall objective of WP2

- Generate a **library of realistic "nature" simulations of CO<sub>2</sub>** from global to point-source scale serving as basis for studying the requirements for an operational fossil fuel CO<sub>2</sub> emissions monitoring system and adequately dimensioning a future space mission

## Specific objectives for year 1:

- Define and prepare all simulations (model setups, domains, input/output requirements) **D2.1**
- Conduct a first global “Tier 1” simulation with ECMWF’s CAMS system **D2.2**
- Generate emission data sets and biospheric CO<sub>2</sub> fluxes for 2015 (and 2030) for different model domains (global, European, Berlin area) **D2.3**

***All delivered and available***

# Task Overview

- **Task 2.1 Specification of model simulations and input data sets**  
*Completed (EMPA, TNO, ECMWF, MPG)*
- **Task 2.2 Emission scenarios and biospheric fluxes for use in nature runs**  
*completed (TNO, JRC, MPG, EMPA, ECMWF)*
- **Task 2.3 Nature runs**  
*Activities ongoing (ECWME, EMPA, TNO, MPG)*
- **Task 2.4 Synthetic satellite observations**  
*Recently started (DLR, EMPA)*
- **Task 2.5 Role of aerosols in detecting city plumes**  
*Recently started (SRON, EMPA)*
- **Task 2.6 Simulating and quantifying power plant emission plumes**  
*Not active yet (SPASCIA)*

# LIBRARY OF EMISSIONS

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Task 2.2 and 4.1  
Lead TNO

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# Task 2.2 Emission scenarios and biospheric fluxes for use in nature runs (Lead: TNO, M1-M12)

- Task Objectives

- Generate global, European and regional emissions and biospheric fluxes:  
1) Biogenic fluxes for Europe (MPG); 2) Global anthropogenic CO<sub>2</sub> 2015 and 2030 EDGAR (JRC) 3) Emission inventory Senat Berlin (EMPA) 4) European anthropogenic CO<sub>2</sub>, CO, NO<sub>x</sub> (TNO)
- Emissions should represent present day (2015) and two future (2030) scenarios for Europe with incrementally reduced CO<sub>2</sub> emissions. Biospheric fluxes only for a present day scenario.
- Nested higher resolution inventory for a domain centered on city of Berlin to support T2.3 and T2.5

- Progress

- All available for model support / input

- Impact

- Combined datasets (biogenic & anthropogenic / global, regional, urban / present, future) essential for nature runs as well as further testing of the use of observations to verify emissions (also e.g. VERIFY)
- Products may help cities or regions with high-resolution GHG emission data

# Task 2.2 Anthropogenic CO<sub>2</sub> emissions for 2015 – Some details

## TNO GHGco inventory

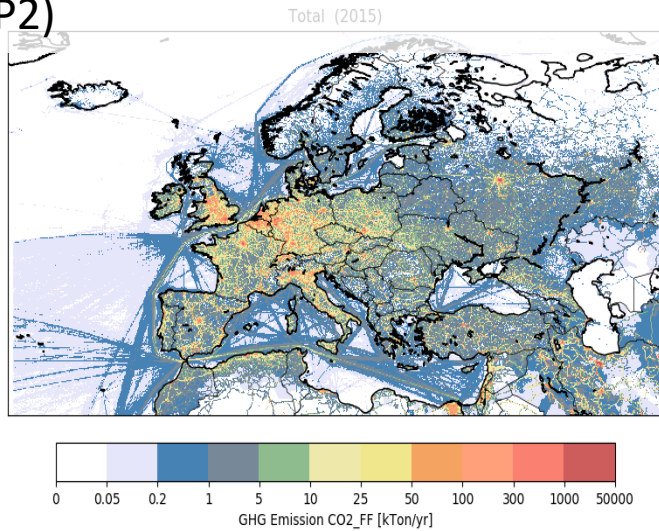
- Anthropogenic CO<sub>2</sub> from fossil fuels & biofuels separately
  - Co-emitted species NO<sub>x</sub> and CO (CO also split in ff and bf)
  - Point sources at exact location - major improvements compared to previous products
  - Available for 2015
  - Resolution 0.1° x 0.1° (km)
  - G-NFR (IPCC) classes
  - Default temporal aggregation
- Inventories openly shared with other projects  
e.g. VERIFY, ESA projects, national projects
- Connects to CHE WP3 & WP4

## Berlin inventory

- Very detailed inventory obtained from the city of Berlin
- Mapped to same G-NFR classes and resolution as TNO-GHGco zoom
- CO<sub>2</sub>, CO, NO<sub>x</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub> and many other species

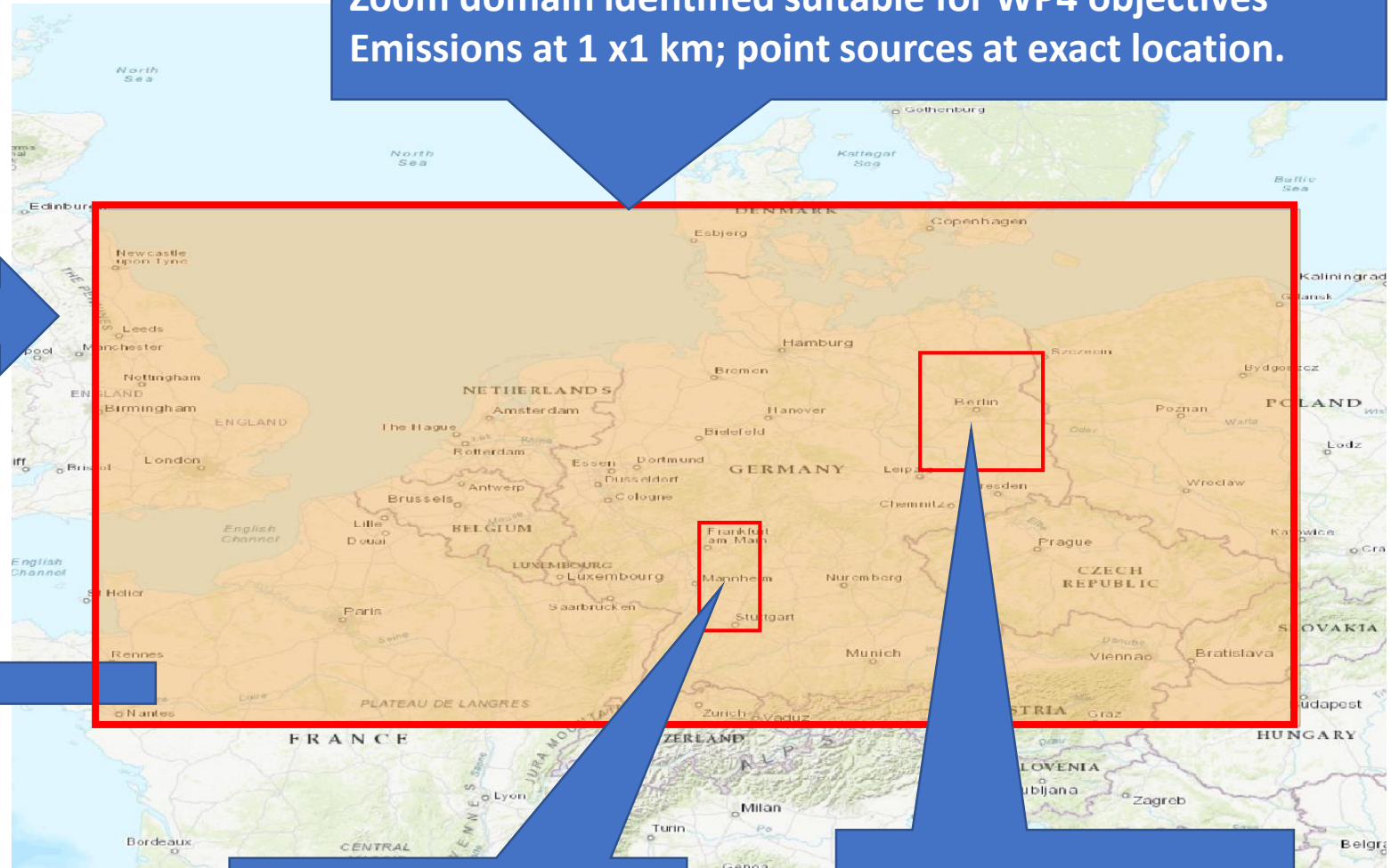
# Task 2.2 & 4.1 ( lead TNO)

TNO antr. CO<sub>2</sub> emission at 6x6 km<sup>2</sup> (WP2)



New proxy maps developed for road transport, population, land use, industrial areas, wood use to downscale from the 6 x6 km maps

Zoom domain identified suitable for WP4 objectives  
Emissions at 1 x1 km; point sources at exact location.



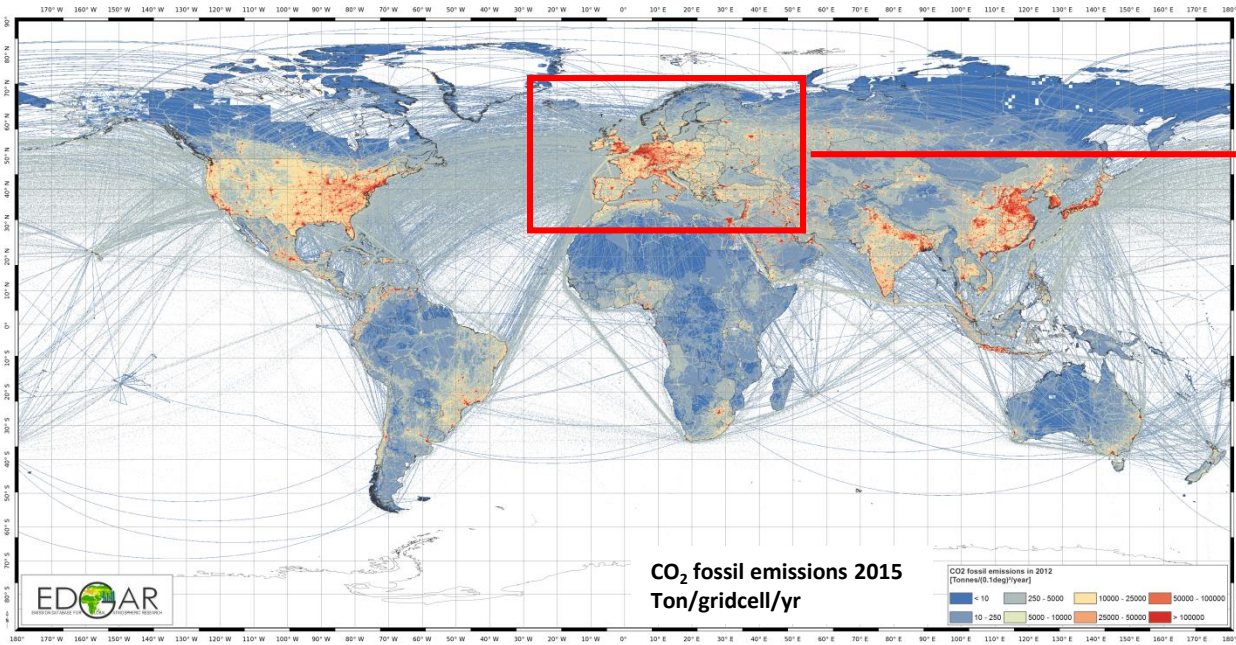
H2020 VERIFY  
Rhine Valley case study

Berlin case study for WP2

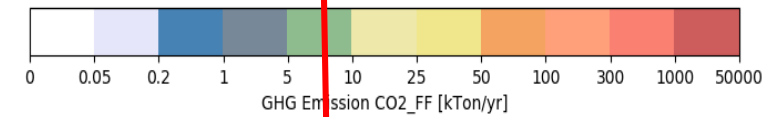
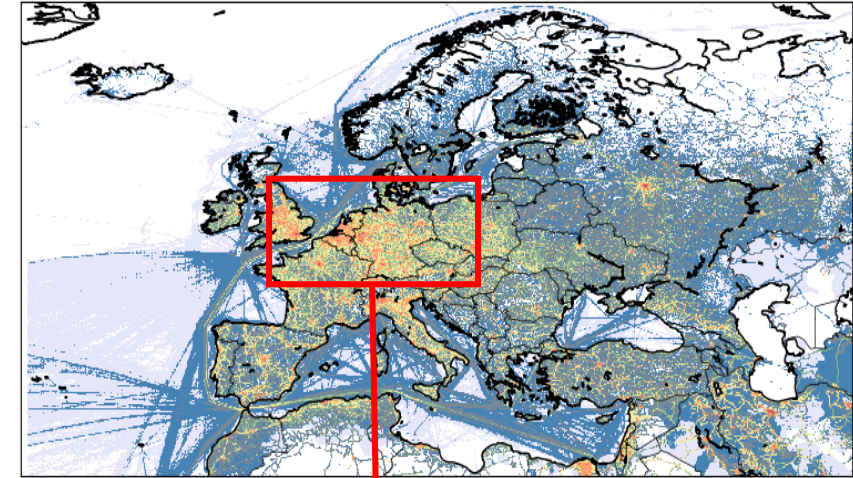
# Task 2.2 Anthropogenic CO<sub>2</sub> emissions for 2015 – scales

**EDGARv4.3.2**

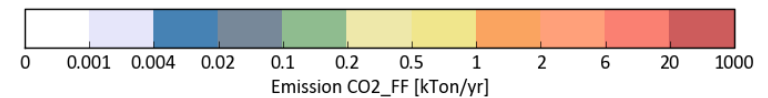
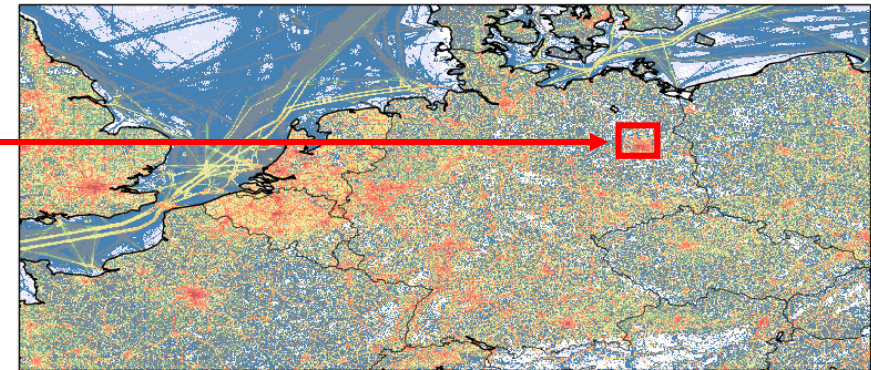
Global 0.1° x 0.1°



**TNO-GHGco** Europe, approx. 6 km x 6 km

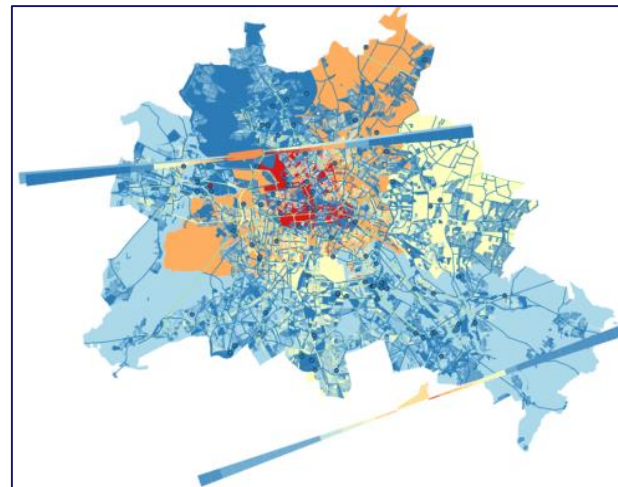


**TNO-GHGco zoom:** approx. 1 km x 1 km



**Senate of Berlin**

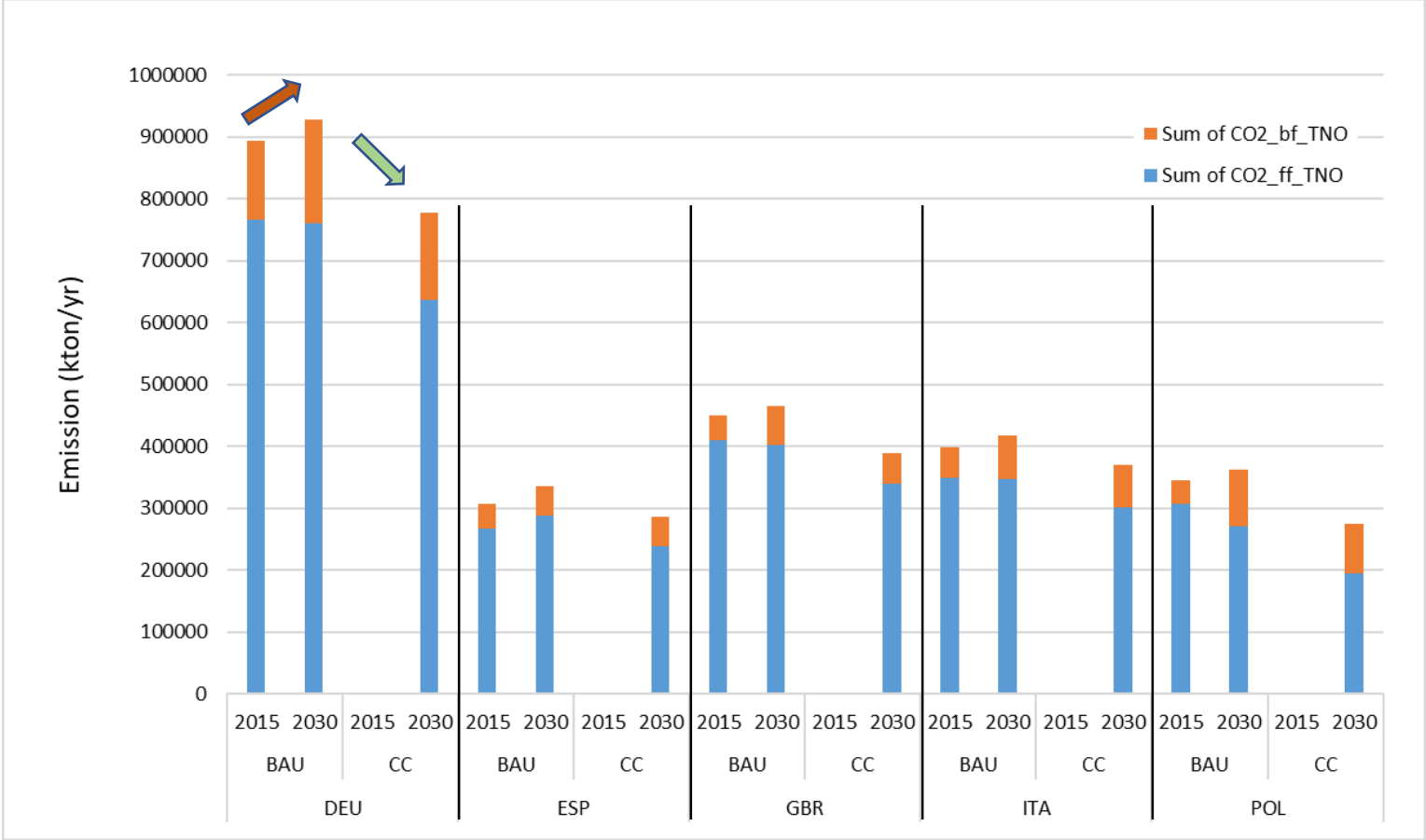
point, area + line sources  
Nested into TNO GHGco zoom  
at 1 km x 1 km





**CO<sub>2</sub> HUMAN EMISSIONS**



# 2030 emissions available from TNO (Europe) and EDGAR (Global) *example Selected countries*



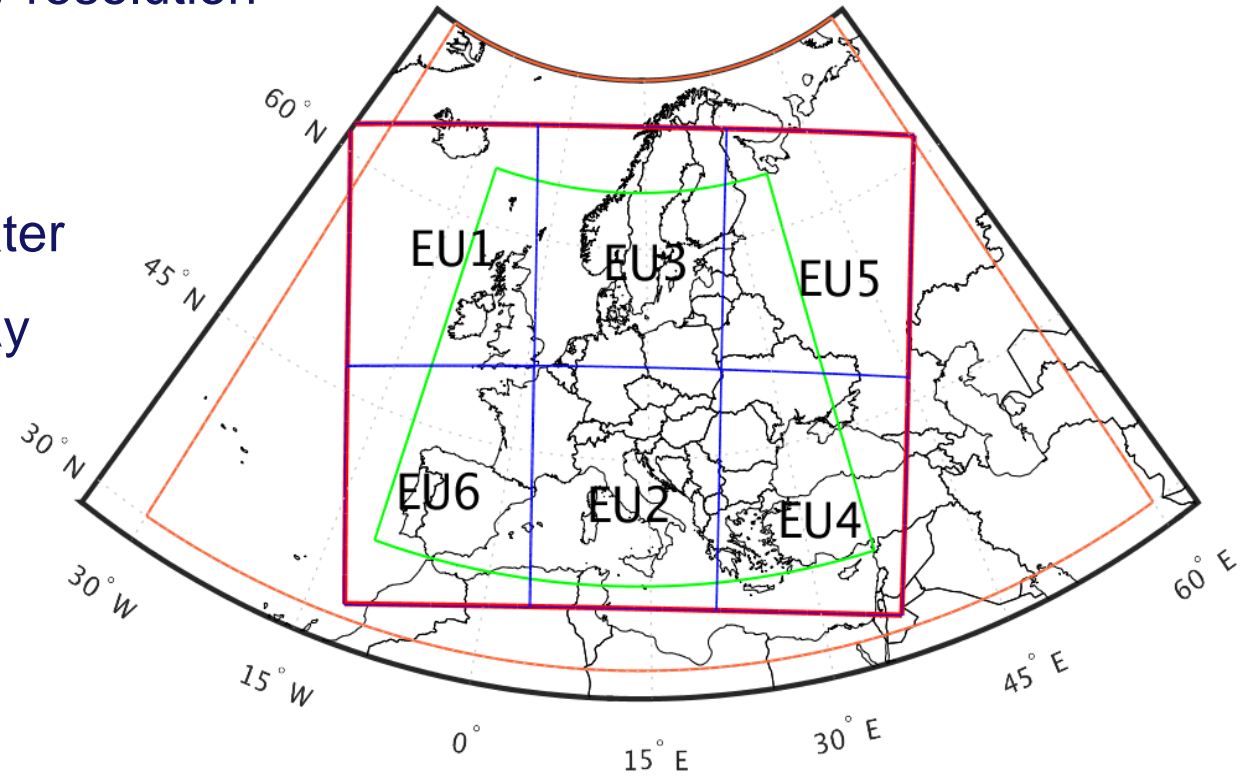
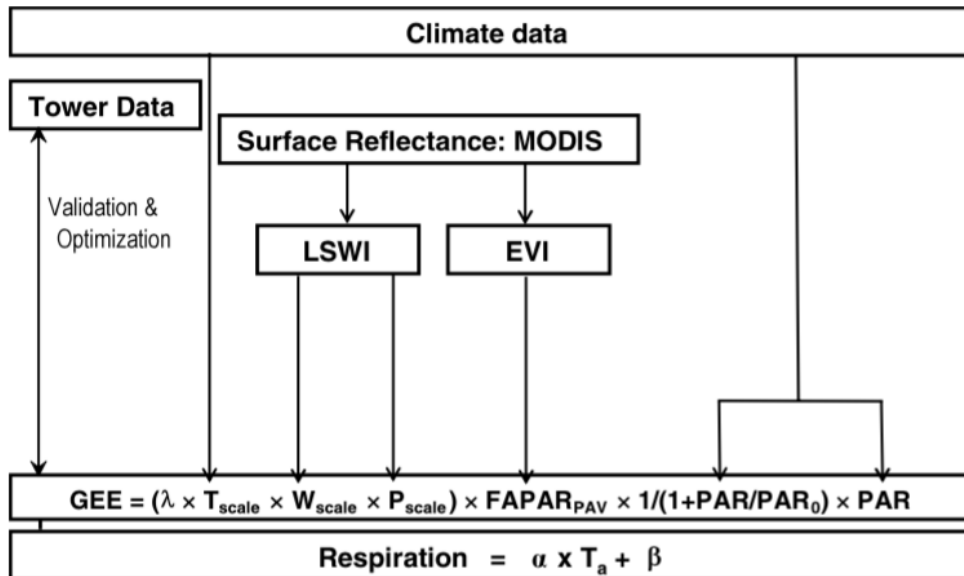
 Change 2015 – 2030 BAU  
 Change 2030 BAU - CC

BAU = Business as usual  
 CC = Climate change measure scenario

# Task 2.2 Biospheric fluxes (MPI Jena)

- Vegetation, Photosynthesis and Respiration Model (VPRM)
- GPP, respiration and NEE at **1 km x 1 km hourly** resolution for all of Europe for year 2015
- Meteo input from ECMWF's Tier 1 simulation
- MODIS reflectances for vegetation and inland water
- Broken down into 6 tiles for calculation, 10 Gb/day

## VPRM approach



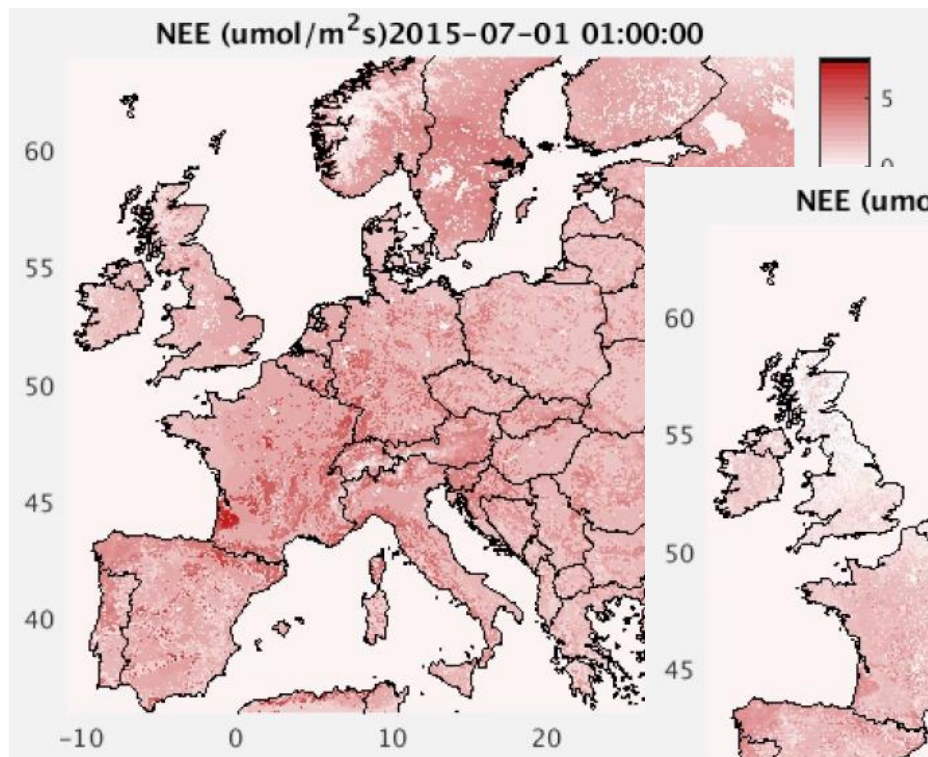
Minimum domain from D2.1

Domain for TNO anthropogenic emissions

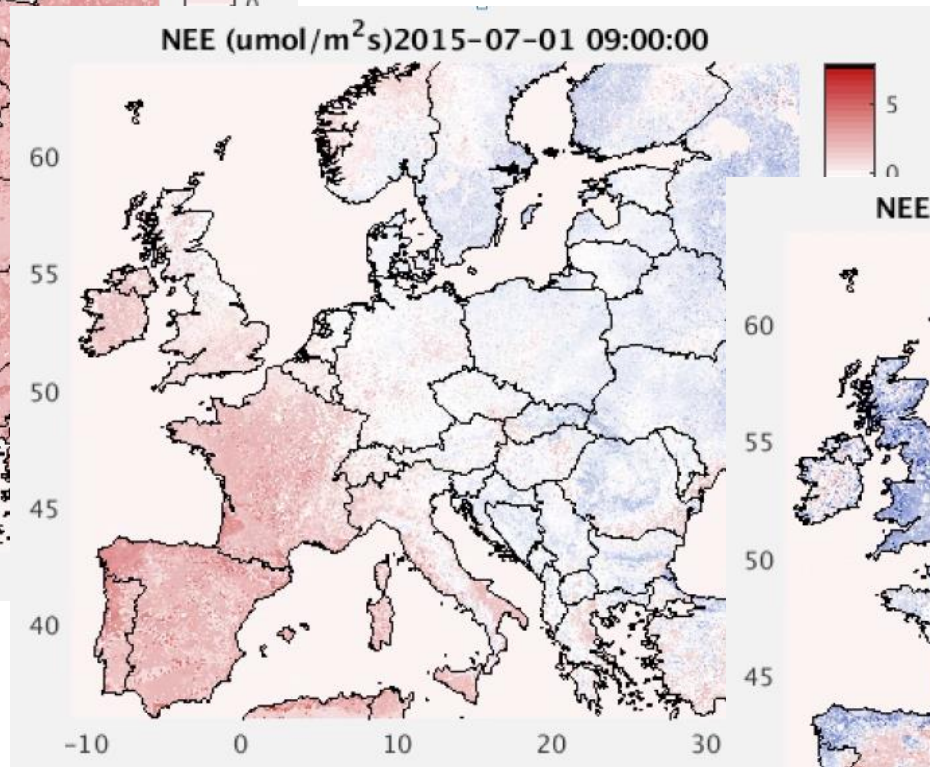
WRF-GHG 5-km EU domain

Six sub-domains for VPRM calculation

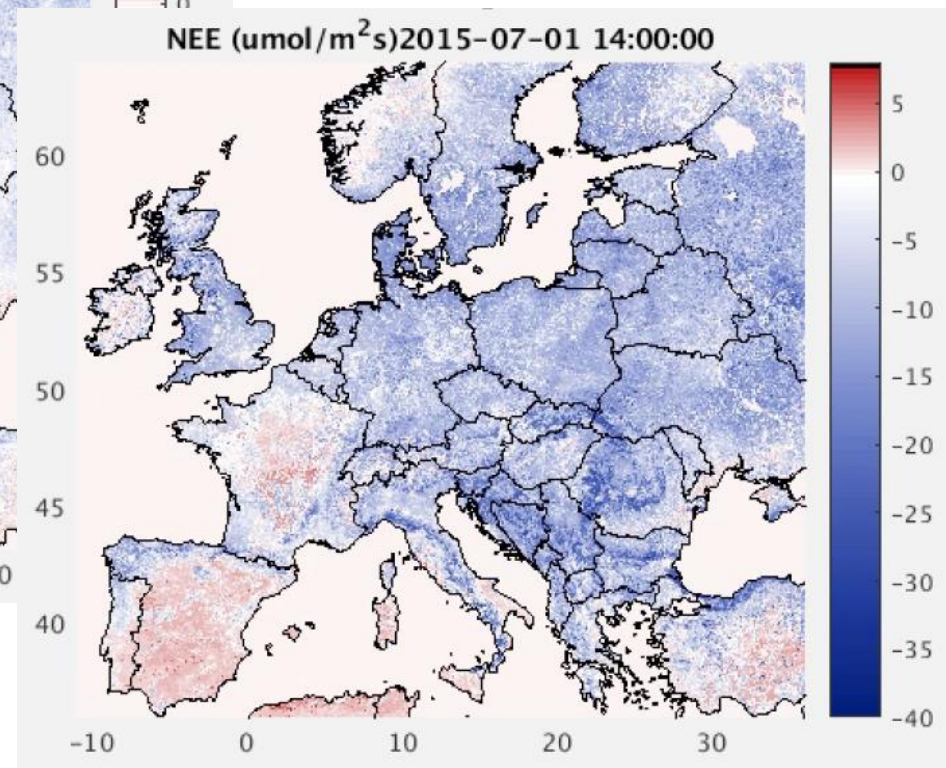
# Task 2.2 Biospheric fluxes (MPI Jena)



midnight



early morning



afternoon

# LIBRARY OF SIMULATIONS

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Tasks 2.1, 2.3 (and 4.2)  
Lead Empa

CO<sub>2</sub> HUMAN EMISSIONS

# Task 2.3 Nature runs

- Task Objectives

- Produce ensemble of high-resolution nature runs from the global to the regional scale to provide CO<sub>2</sub> fields with realistic variability and representation of sources and sinks
- Provide basis for defining requirements for future Sentinel CO<sub>2</sub> satellites

- Progress

- Global Tier 1 simulation conducted and evaluated (**Deliverable D2.2**)
- Regional simulations for European domain prepared, first test simulations conducted

- Impact

- Nature runs provide realistic reference for CO<sub>2</sub>, CO, CH<sub>4</sub> variability and source signatures at different scales; essential input for Observing System Simulation Experiments and similar
- Single and multi-model ensembles provide essential information on transport uncertainties
- Full chemistry run with LOTOS-EUROS provides unique information on co-emitted species (NO<sub>x</sub>, CO)

# Task 2.1 Specification of model simulations – D2.1



Global  
CAMS-IFS



Europe, Berlin, Beijing  
LOTOS-EUROS



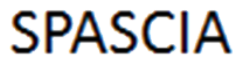
Europe  
WRF-GHG



Europe, Berlin  
COSMO-GHG

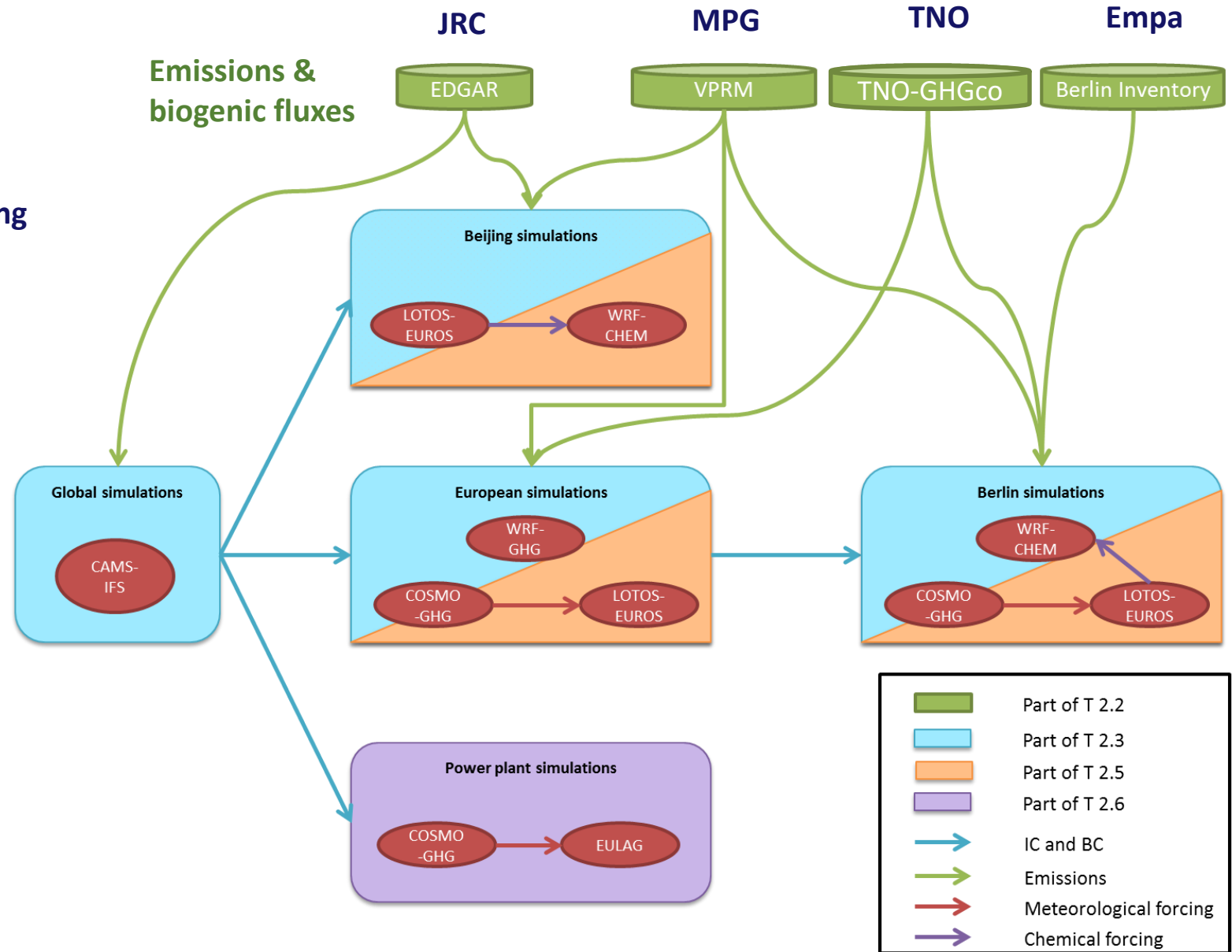


Berlin, Beijing  
WRF-Chem



Power plants  
EULAG (LES)

CO<sub>2</sub> HUMAN EMISSIONS



# Task 2.1 Specification of model simulations – D2.1



Global  
CAMS-IFS



Europe, Berlin, Beijing  
LOTOS-EUROS



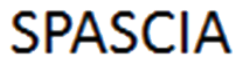
Europe  
WRF-GHG



Europe, Berlin  
COSMO-GHG

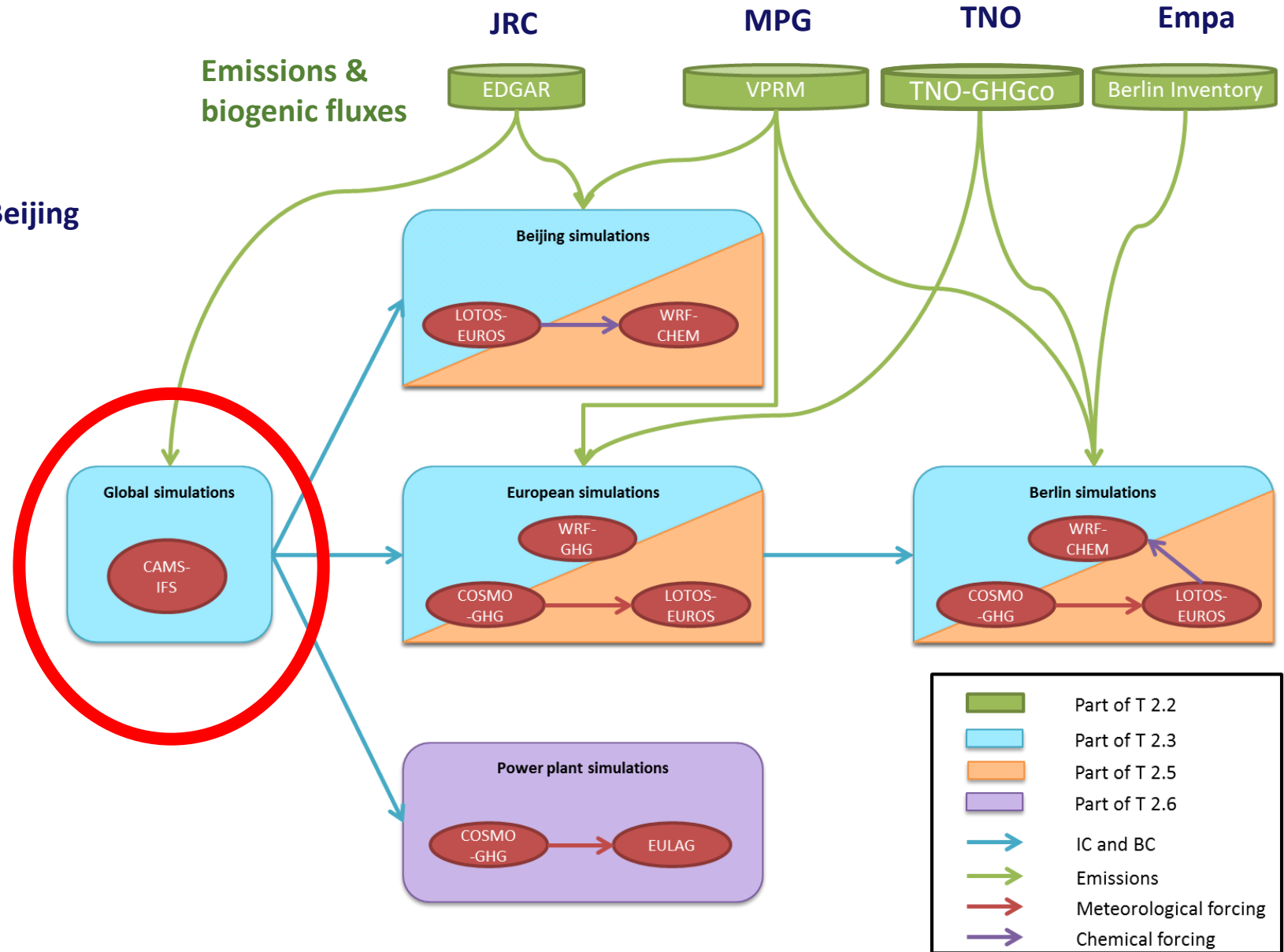


Berlin, Beijing  
WRF-Chem



Power plants  
EULAG (LES)

CO<sub>2</sub> HUMAN EMISSIONS



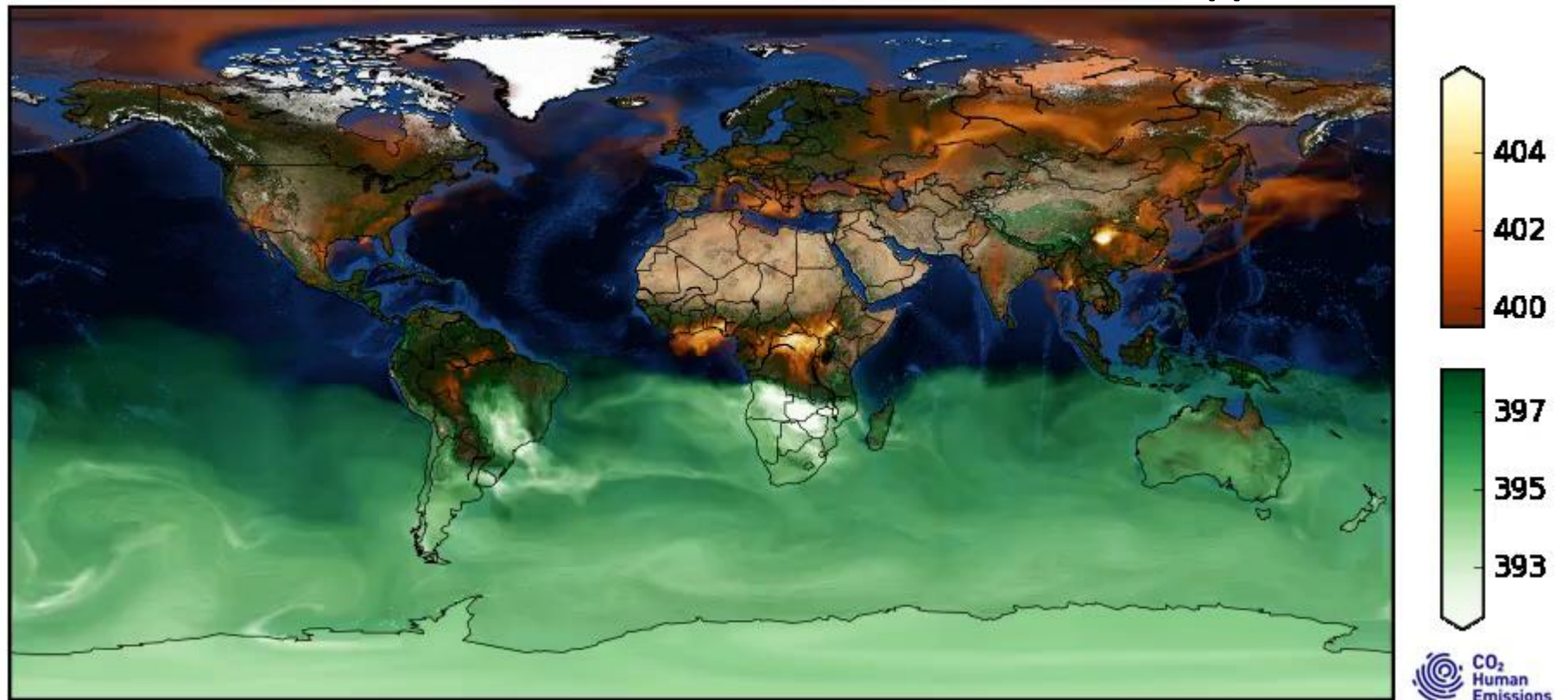
# Global nature runs – D2.2

Tier 1 global nature run for 2015 using the CAMS system at ECMWF

XCO<sub>2</sub> 20150101 03 UTC Global Mean : 399 ppm

## IFS model (ECMWF):

- 9km horizontal resolution
- 137 vertical levels
- Meteo: ECMWF analysis
- Fluxes: Online NEE with bias correction, EDGARv4.1FT2010, Takahashi et al. (2009) ocean fluxes, GFAS fire emissions
- Tracers: CO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub>, CO
- 3-hourly tracer and NWP fields





# Tier 2 Global nature runs – D2.6

## Tier 2 global ensemble of simulations using the CAMS system at ECMWF

❑ 9km simulation with improved transport model and emissions

❑ ~25km ensemble of simulations

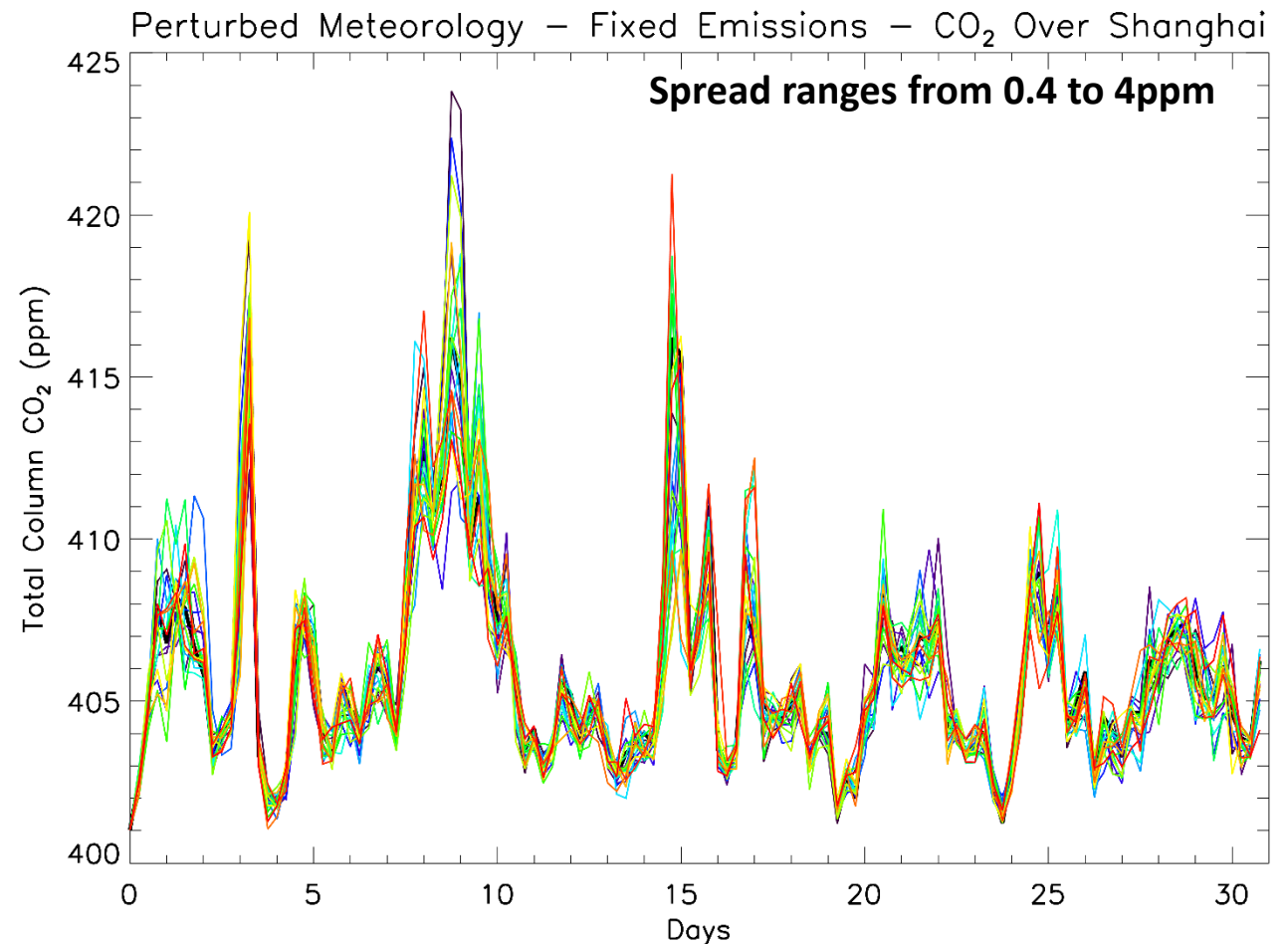
Initial testing with three configurations:

- **Perturbed Meteorology and Fixed Emissions.**
- Perturbed Emissions and Fixed Meteorology.
- Perturbed Emissions and Meteorology.

Ensemble simulations will be used to:

- derive **model transport error**
- develop ensemble-adjoint hybrid inversion system.

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# Task 2.1 Specification of model simulations – D2.1



Global  
CAMS-IFS



Europe, Berlin, Beijing  
LOTOS-EUROS



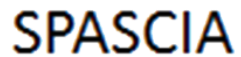
Europe  
WRF-GHG



Europe, Berlin  
COSMO-GHG

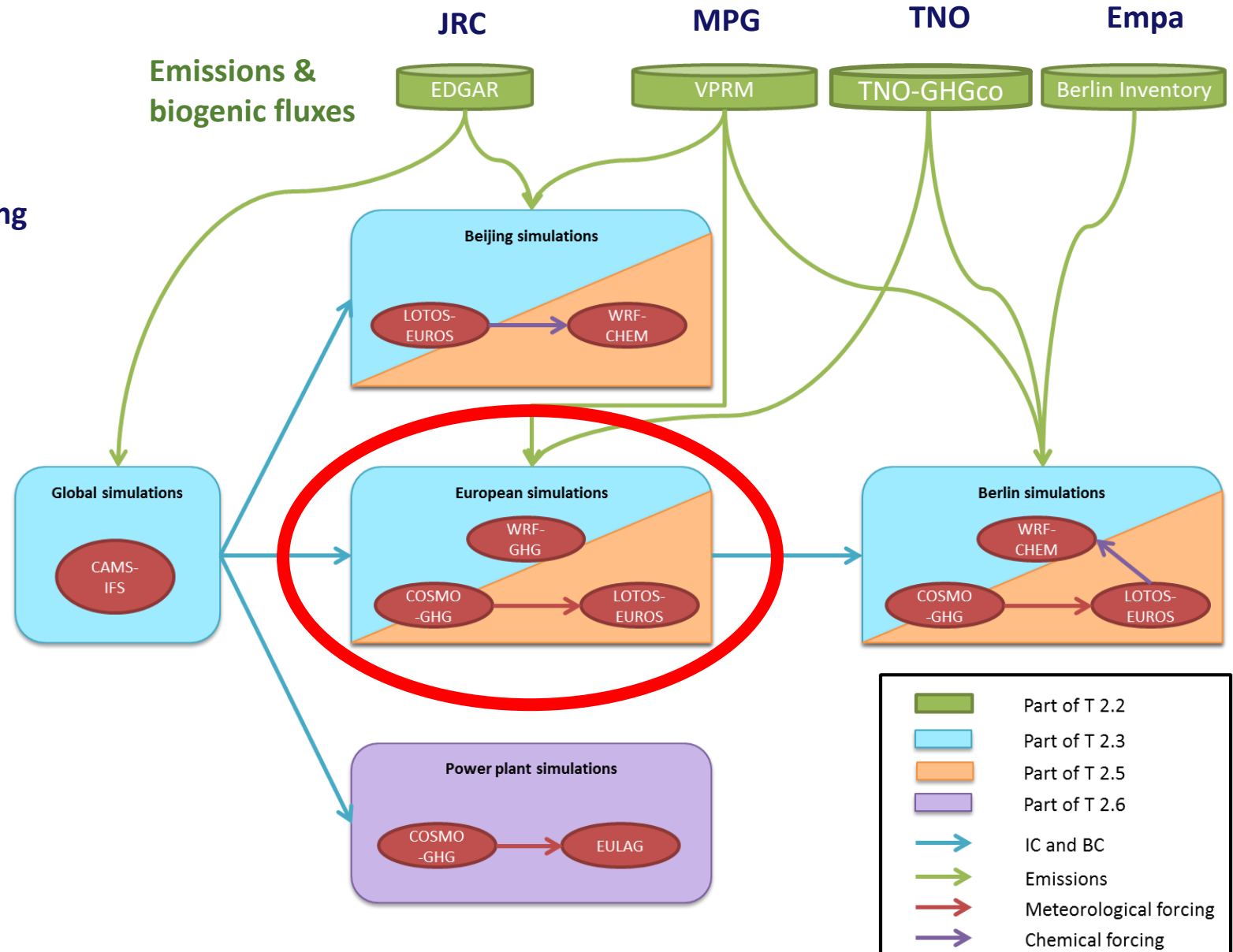


Berlin, Beijing  
WRF-Chem



Power plants  
EULAG (LES)

CO<sub>2</sub> HUMAN EMISSIONS



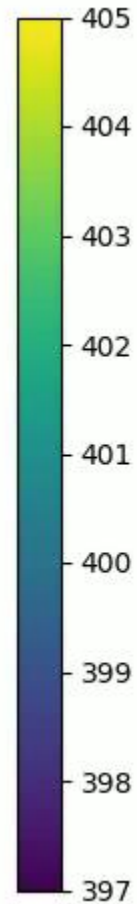
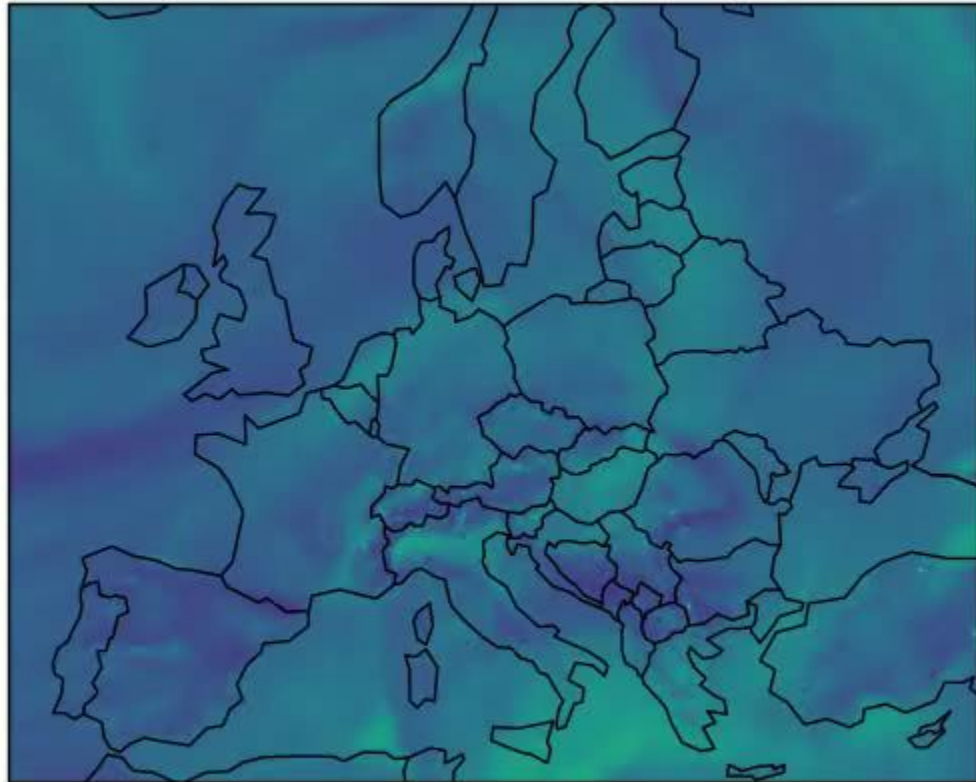
# COSMO-GHG European simulations

First comparison of CAMS versus COSMO-GHG for total column CO<sub>2</sub>

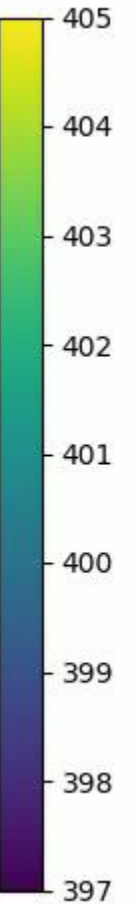
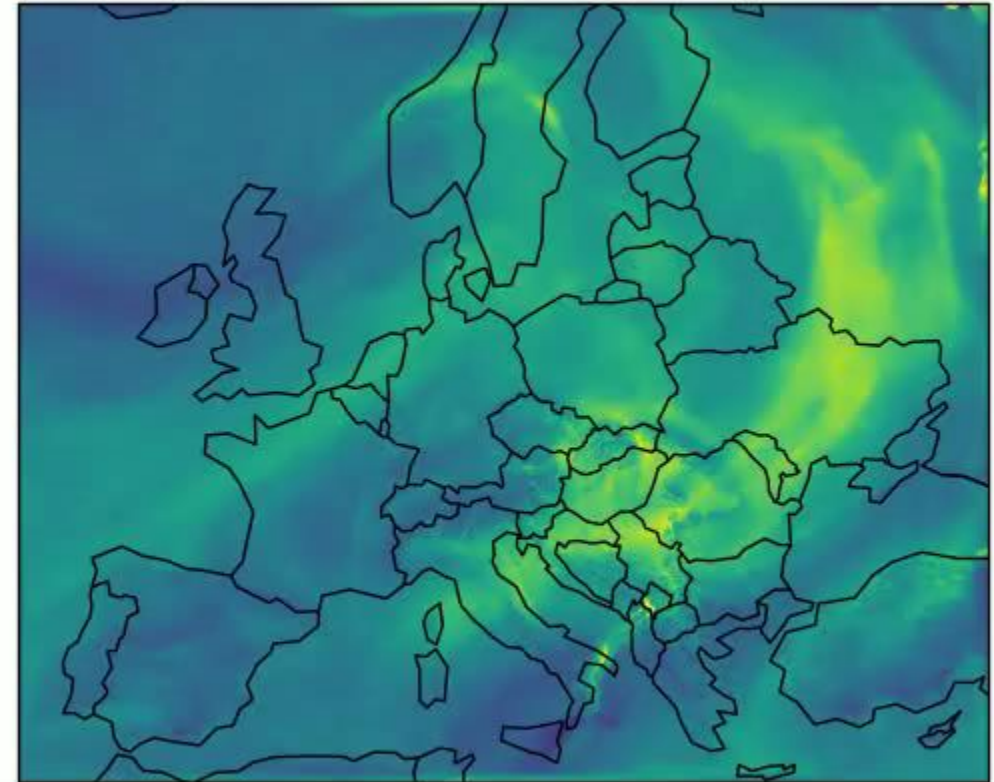
**CAMS-IFS**

**COSMO-GHG**

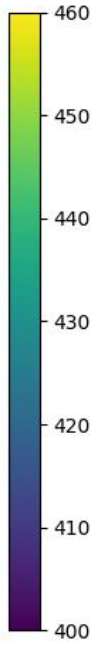
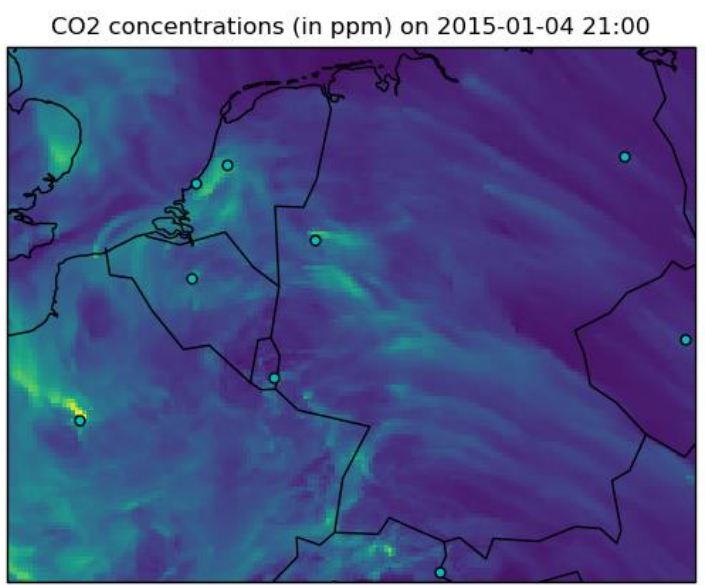
XCO2 signal (in ppm) on 2015-01-02 00:00



XCO2 signal (in ppm) on 2015-01-02 00:00

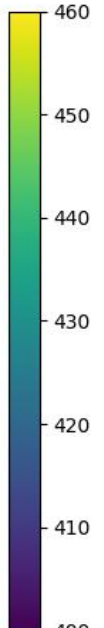
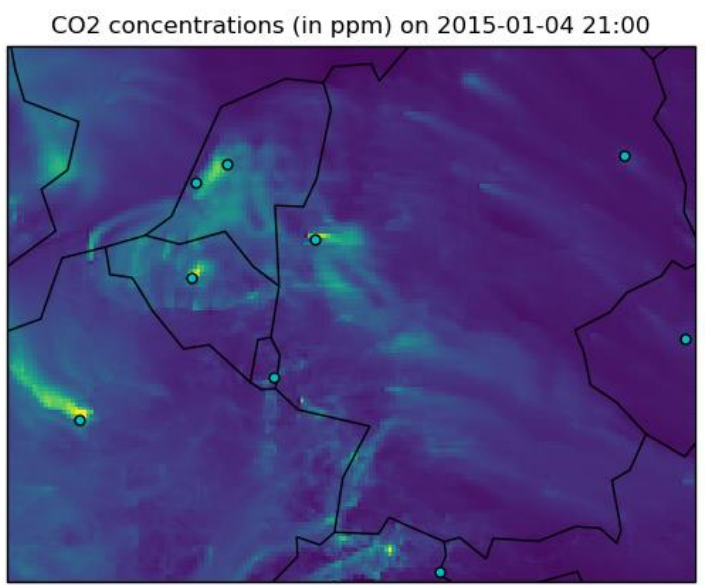
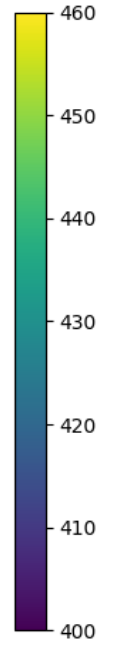
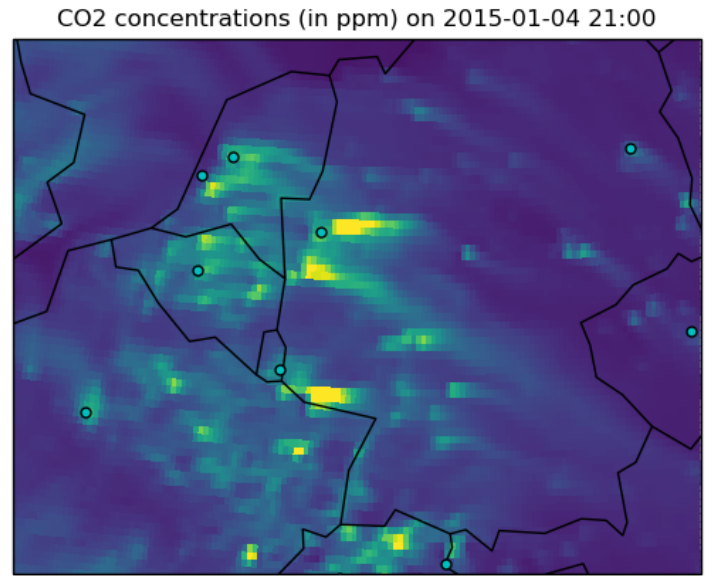


# Surface concentrations of CO<sub>2</sub>



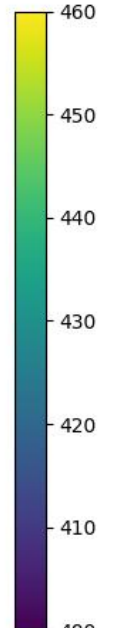
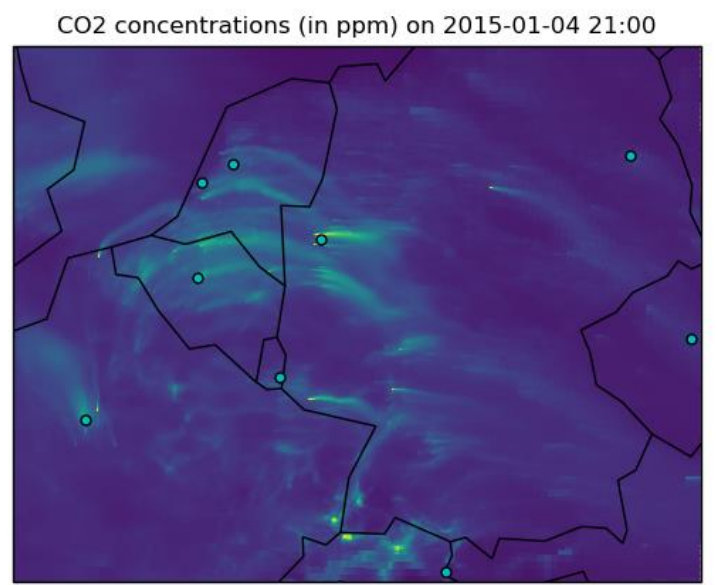
LOTOS-EUROS

CAMS



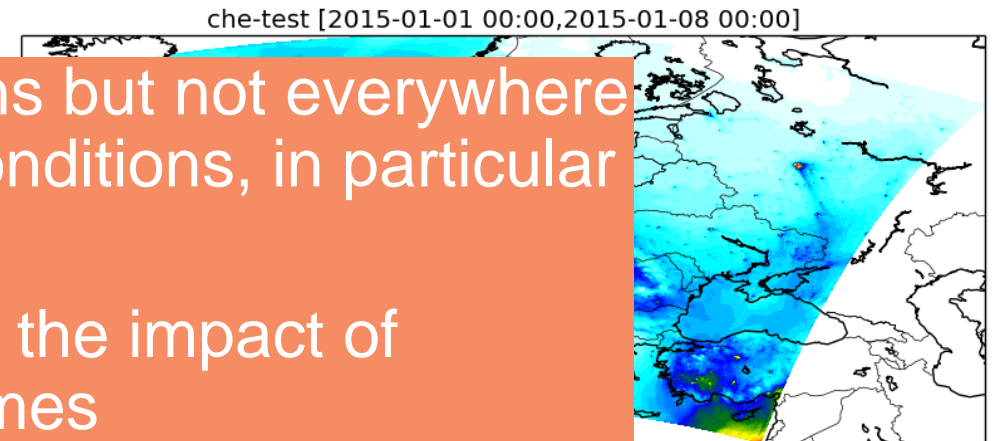
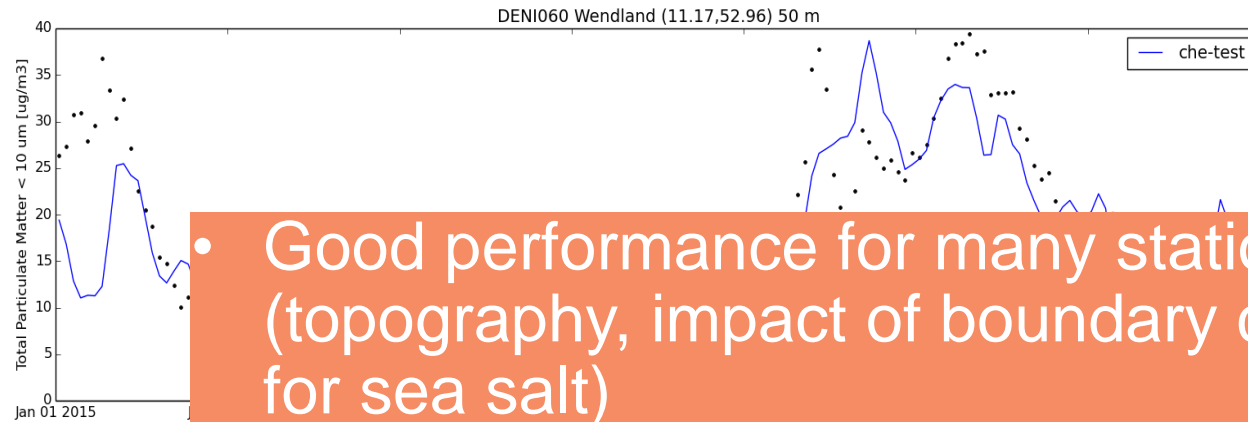
COSMO

CHIMERE (WP4)

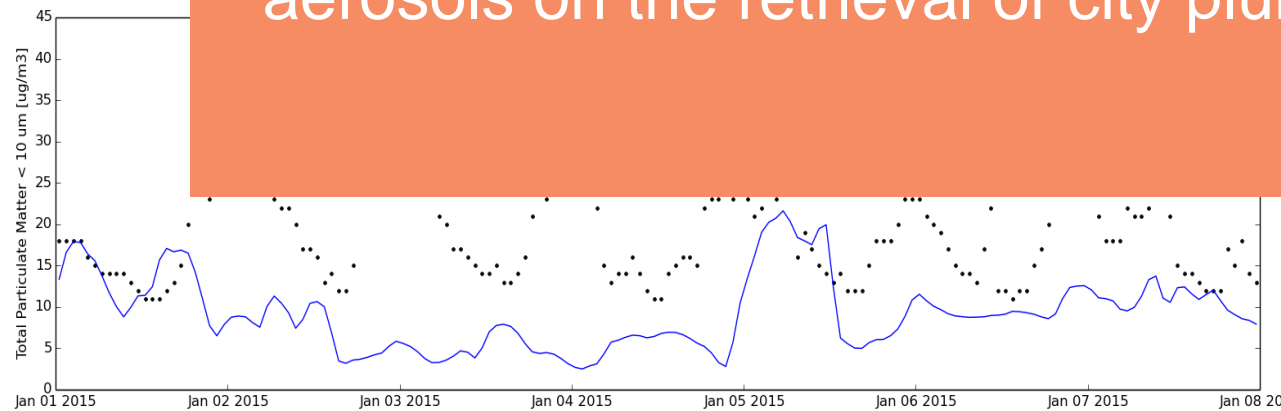


# Aerosol simulations (LOTOS-EUROS)

- Germany



- Good performance for many stations but not everywhere (topography, impact of boundary conditions, in particular for sea salt)
- Will be used for **Task 2.5** to assess the impact of aerosols on the retrieval of city plumes



# Summary and future development

- Task 2.1 Specification of model simulations
  - Task completed, update to the deliverable necessary **(D2.1)**
- Task 2.2 Emissions and other input data
  - Task completed **(D2.3)**
- Task 2.3 Nature runs
  - Global Tier-1 run completed **(D2.2)**
  - First week of simulation and comparison
- Task 2.3 Nature runs
  - Complete simulations for European and regional (Berlin, Beijing) domains **(D2.4, M21)**
  - Run global Tier 2 simulation **(D2.6, M27)**
- Task 2.4 Synthetic satellite observations
  - Start producing synthetic satellite observations from European runs **(D2.5, M27)**
- Task 2.5 Role of aerosols in detecting city plumes
  - Prepare simulations (Berlin, Beijing) to investigate effect of urban aerosols on satellite observations **(D2.7, M39)**
- Task 2.6
  - Start preparing LES simulations for power plant plumes **(D2.8, M33)**

# THANK YOU

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Jean-Matthieu Haussaire &  
Hugo Denier van der Gon

